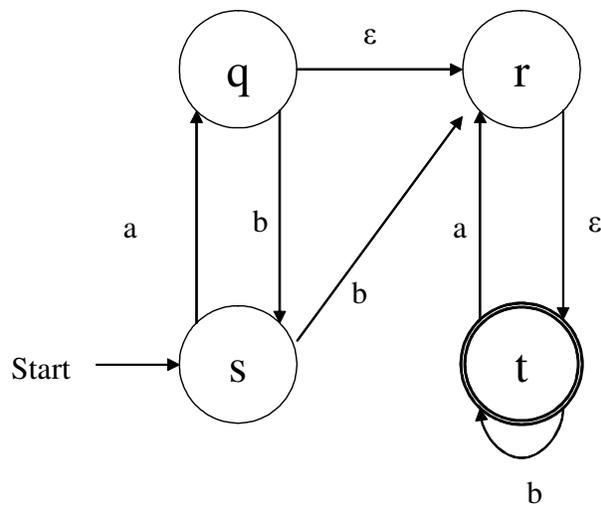


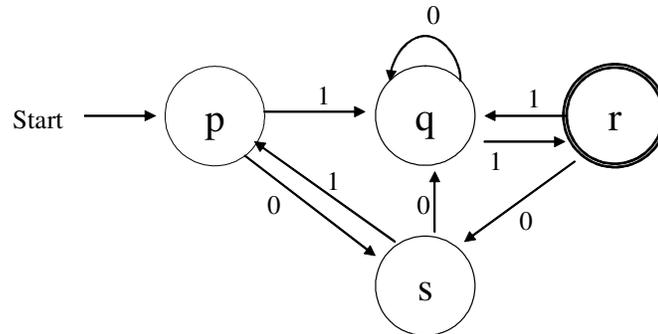
2. **DFA's (12 pts).** Design a DFA that recognizes the substring “aab” from a larger string over $\Sigma = \{a,b\}$. Rather than stop when a match is found, your DFA should find all occurrences of the substring in the larger string.

3. **NFA's. (12 pts).** Convert the following ϵ -NFA into a DFA.



4. DFA State Elimination (12 pts).

Convert the DFA below to a regular expression using the state elimination technique. Be sure to show your work in the elimination of states, do not jump straight to a regular expression.



5. Regular Expressions. (9 pts). Generate regular expressions for the following:

- a. The set of strings of 0's and 1's that has no two adjacent 1's.
- b. The set of strings of 0's and 1's that has no two adjacent 0's.
- c. The set of strings of 0's and 1's such that every pair of adjacent 0's appears before any pair of adjacent 1's.

6. Context-Free Languages (12 pts). Give a context free grammar that generates the same language as the regular expression $0^*(1+\epsilon)(0+1)^*$

7. Pumping Lemma (16 pts).

Use the pumping lemma to show the following language is not regular:
{ $0^n \mid n$ is a perfect cube; i.e. 1, 8, 27, 64, etc. }

8. Turing Machines (15 pts).

a) Describe, either formally or informally (i.e. in English), a Turing Machine that recognizes the language:

$$L = \{ a^n b^n \mid n \geq 1 \}$$

where $\Sigma = \{ a, b \}$. You can design the tape alphabet as needed.

b) Let A be the language containing only the single string s , where:

$$\begin{aligned} s &= 0 && \text{if God exists} \\ s &= 1 && \text{if God does not exist} \end{aligned}$$

Is A decidable? Explain why or why not. The answer has no relation to your religious beliefs, but for purposes of this problem assume that the question of whether or not God exists has an unambiguous YES or NO answer.

c) Argue that $A = \{ \langle M \rangle \mid M \text{ is a DFA that doesn't accept any string containing an odd number of 1's} \}$ is decidable.